RUS and Electric Utility Industry Restructuring

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Overview

- What is Restructuring?
- Where are we headed?
- What is RUS doing?
 - Inside RUS and USDA
 - Federal Legislation
 - FERC Initiatives
 - State Activities

What is Restructuring?

- A.k.a. "Deregulation" or "Competition"
- Response to Changes in Industry
 - Composition and organization ownership, participants
 - Regulatory environment regulation, legislation
 - Operations and interrelationships
 - Economics and financial arrangements
 - Technology

What's driving restructuring?

- Combination of influences
 - Competition from new entrants
 - Broader economic influences
 - Changes in regulation
 - Technology
 - Politics and ideology

Where are we headed?

- Unbundling (Disintegration?) of electric service
- More competitive generation sector
- · Retail choice
- Creation of regional transmission bodies (RTOs)
- Competition for other services (metering, billing, etc)?
- · Greater uncertainty over supplies and prices
- · Increased risks to reliability
- Expansion into new business lines
- More pressure for regulation of coops and munis

Why is RUS involved in Electric Restructuring?

- Two primary goals guide RUS involvement in electric restructuring activities
 - to ensure the continued availability of reliable, high quality electric service at a reasonable cost to rural consumers; and
 - to protect the integrity of the government's loan portfolio.

RUS Principles

- The transition must promote:
 - RELIABILITY: maintain reliability of the nation's electric systems. No harm to the existing electric infrastructure in rural America.
 - FAIRNESS:
 - · to all consumers--including rural Americans,
 - · to existing electric utilities,
 - · and to Federal taxpayers who support the RUS program.
 - FLEXIBILITY:
 - a flexible, adaptable transition process that accommodates the diversity of :
 - · electric utility industry participants
 - · state regulatory structures and policies;
 - · evolving industry conditions.
 - The process should allow for consumer education and experimentation and evaluation to learn from experience and to correct mistakes.

Inside RUS and USDA

- Streamlining operations and regulations
- Adding flexibility for borrowers
- Enhanced industry and regulatory analysis capabilities
- Cooperation with other USDA and Federal agencies.
- Engagement in policy debates and rural advocacy
- Working with borrowers to help them meet new challenges
- Looking to the future new services for a changing environment

Federal Legislation

- Clinton Administration Bill
 - Comprehensive Electric Competition Act
 - announced in 1998,
 - reintroduced in 1999 with added benefits for rural America
 - only legislation that addresses rural electric service issues

Rural Benefits - CECA

- Flexible opt out
- Rural Safety Net
- Public Benefits Fund
- Rural and Remote Grants
- Renewable Portfolio Standard

Rural Benefits - CECA (more)

- Preserves right to TVA/PMA Power
- Stranded Cost Protection for RUS debt
- Recognition of RE Act policies
- Recognition of Coop structure
- Enhanced reliability
- Regional Transmission Systems and Planning

What's up in Congress?

- Hearings
 - House:

Commerce, Judiciary, Resources, Agriculture

- Senate:

Energy and Natural Resources Banking Agriculture

Major Comprehensive Legislation on Retail Choice

- House Commerce Committee-
 - Subcommittee Bill H.R. 2944 (Barton)
 - Administration Bill (by request)
- Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee
 - Murkowski (S. 2098)
 - Administration Bill (by request)
 - Thomas
 - Bingaman

Other Bills

- Reliability -NERC-NAERO (S. 2071)
- PUHCA
- PURPA
- Renewable Energy
- Environmental Protection
- Consumer Protection

Comparing Legislation The Devil is in the Details

- When?
- Federal v. State
- Reliability
- Market Power
- Level-Playing Field
- Stranded Costs
- Environmental Issues
- PMAs

- Customer Protection
- Universal Service
- Taxes
- Metering & Billing
- Data
- Codes of Conduct
- Aggregation
- Exclusive Service Territories

What's next in Congress?

- House
 - Chairman Bliley's Amendments
 - Mark up in full Commerce Committee
 - Referral to other Committees and then the Floor?
- Senate
 - Hearings in April on pending bills
 - More hearings (?)
 - Mark up on consensus issues
 - Senator Lott says not this year

FERC Initiatives

- RUS monitors FERC activities closely
- RUS is an active participant in FERC proceedings
 - filing comments on proposed rules
 - intervening in cases involving borrowers
- RUS and FERC are continuing informal dialogue on issues relating to RUS and our borrowers.

FERC Issues to follow

- Order 888 open access system "fine tuning"
- ISOs
- Order 2000 RTO Rule and Collaborative Efforts
- Merger Mania
- Rules of the Road for Generation Markets
- Federal State Relations
- Reliability
- Impacts on rural and residential customers

What's next with FERC?

- Order 2000 RTO Collaboratives
- Fine tuning ISO rules
- Problems in Competitive Generation Markets -
 - Market monitoring
 - Gaming of bidding systems
 - More price spikes
- Growing concentration in generation

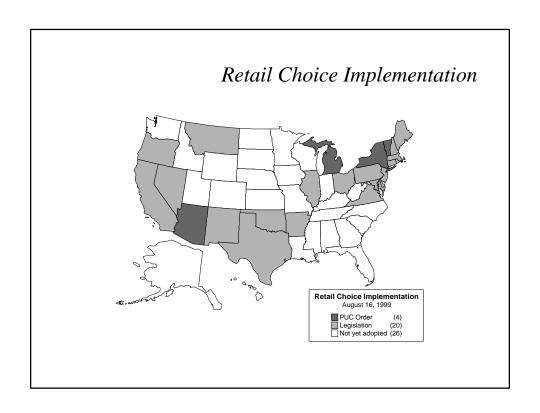
State Activities

- Activities by state legislatures and regulatory agencies.
- Formal comments in Arizona, Florida, and Michigan
- Informal discussions with state regulators in other states
- Working with borrowers to help them adapt to changes in state law and regulation
- Participation in NARUC and is involved in issues that potentially affect cooperative borrowers
- RUS is ready to work with and on behalf of borrowers in state proceedings.

What's happening in the States?

- Retail Choice Plans
 - Legislation
 - **Public Utility Commission Orders**
- Ongoing studies of retail choice
- Reliability Concerns
 - Adequacy of generation and transmission

 Distribution system maintenance and operations
- Codes of conduct and Business Practices



State Retail Choice Plans

- Legislation
- 21 States legislatures have required or endorsed retail choice

Regulatory Action

- 4 State regulatory commissions have issued orders requiring or endorsing retail choice (including Arizona which also has legislation)
- District of Columbia has recently approved retail choice transition

Features of Retail Choice Plans

- Coop Opt In/Out
- Stranded Cost Recovery
- Generation Divestiture
- Standard Offer/Default Service
- Regional Transmission Organizations
- Public Benefits Fund
- Renewable Energy Portfolios
- Other Consumer Protections

Coop Opt In/Out

No opt out in 12 states: AZ, AR, DE, ME, MD, MI, NH, NM, PA, VT, VA

Opt in in 6 states:

IL, MT, NV, NJ, OH, TX
Oklahoma appears to require retail choice for coops,
but has not yet set any ground rules.

3 state plans do not apply to coops -- CA, NY, OR

3 states have no cooperatives -- MA, CT, RI

Meanwhile:

- 26 states did not adopt retail competition in 1998-1999
- Why not?

Who's next?

- West Virginia?
- Michigan? (Legislation)
- Indiana?
- Minnesota?
- North Carolina?
- South Carolina?
- Oklahoma (again?)

Electric Restructuring --Where do we go from here?

- Restructuring will continue with or without Federal Legislation
- Our job will be even more complex
 - State retail choice implementation
 - FERC Initiatives
 - Industry Change
 - Uncertain supply and demand situation
 - Immature markets
 - Surprises

Stay tuned

- Industry-Government Initiatives that will affect coops
 - NERC-NAERO
 - RTOs, ISOs, Transcos
 - Codes of Conduct
 - Uniform Business Practices
 - New Reliability Measures

Key Legislative Issues - Federal

- FERC Jurisdiction over RUS borrowers
- Federal State Cooperation
- Stranded Cost Protection
- Rural Safety Net
- Market Power
- Reliability
- Taxes
- Transmission Siting

Key State Legislative and Regulatory Issues

- Coop opt out/in
- Stranded cost recovery
- Universal Service
- Consumer Protection
- Competitive Services
- Codes of Conduct
- Protecting Reliability

Key Issues for Rural America

- Does electric competition deliver big savings for rural America?
- If we build it will they come? Will competitive interest match growing demand in rural areas?
- Will there be new and innovative services for rural customers? What will they be?
- What happens to Universal Service / Obligation to Serve?
- Who will provide service to the most rural and remote areas?

Next Steps for RUS

- Work with Administration, Congress, Borrowers, and States to make sure that Rural America shares equitably in the benefits of restructuring and continues to enjoy reliable affordable electric service.
- Enhance opportunities for rural communities
- Assist borrowers in adapting to change
- Protect rural consumers
- Identify/develop workable solutions for rural America

Advice to Borrowers

- Be Informed
- Get Involved
- Make the Rules
- Play the Game.
- Work with RUS